$\Pr-\mathsf{ZSUBEXP} \nsubseteq \Pr-\mathsf{RP}$

Gonen Krak *

Noam Parzanchevski *

Rahul Santhanam[†]

Amnon Ta-Shma *

Abstract

Our main claim in the first version of this archive paper was that unconditionally there exists a promise problem in promise ZSUBEXP that cannot be solved in promise RP. We proved this building upon Kabanets' easy witness method [Kab01] as implemented by Impagliazzo et. al [IKW02], with a separate diagonalization carried out on each of the two alternatives in the win-win argument. Rahul Santhanam showed us a very simple proof that proves a stronger claim. In this revision we give this proof.

1 The simple proof

The following theorem and simple proof were communicated to us by Rahul Santhanam.

Theorem 1. Let $T, t : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}$ be functions such that $\Pr-\mathsf{ZTime}(T(n)) \not\subseteq \Pr-\mathsf{ZTime}(O(t(n)))$. Then $\Pr-\mathsf{ZTime}(T(n)) \not\subseteq \Pr-\mathsf{RTime}(O(t(n)))$.

Proof. Suppose $Pr-\mathsf{ZTime}(T(n)) \subseteq Pr-\mathsf{RTime}(O(t(n)))$. Then also

$$co - \Pr-\mathsf{ZTime}(T(n)) \subseteq co - \Pr-\mathsf{RTime}(O(t(n))).$$

But Pr-ZTime(T(n)) is closed under complement. Hence,

$$\Pr-\mathsf{ZTime}(T(n)) \subseteq \Pr-\mathsf{RTime}(O(t(n)) \cap co - \Pr-\mathsf{RTime}(O(t(n))) = \Pr-\mathsf{ZTime}(O(t(n))),$$

in contradiction to the hypothesis of the theorem.

A similar claim holds for RTime without the promise and for $Pr-ZNTime(t) = Pr-NTime(t) \cap Pr-coNTime(t)$. In particular:

Corollary 2.

- $\Pr-\mathsf{ZTime}(T(n)) \not\subseteq \Pr-\mathsf{RTime}(t(n))$ and $\Pr-\mathsf{ZNTime}(T(n)) \not\subseteq \Pr-\mathsf{NTime}(t(n))$ for any timeconstructible T such that $T(n) = w(t(n+1)\log t(n+1))$.
- ZTime $(T(n)) \not\subseteq \mathsf{RP}$ and ZNTime $(T(n)) \not\subseteq \mathsf{NP}$ for any time-constructible T such that $T^{(c)}(n) = 2^{w(n)}$, where $T^{(c)}(n)$ is the composition of T with itself c times (see [page 195][Bar02] where it is attributed to [KV87]). In particular ZSUBEXP $\not\subseteq \mathsf{RP}$ and ZNSUBEXP $\not\subseteq \mathsf{NP}$.

^{*}The Blavatnik School of Computer Science, Tel-Aviv University, Israel 69978. Supported by the Israel Science Foundation grant no. 952/18.

[†]Department of Computer Science, University of Oxford, Oxford



Figure 1: In blue, the Pr-ZNT ime hierarchy is depicted between Pr-ZNP and Pr-ZNEXP. Pr-NP is depicted in red under the assumption that $SAT \notin coNTime(2^{o(n)})$. SAT appears as the red dot high in the hierarchy. On the other hand by Corollary 2 no full layer of Pr-ZNTime(T) is contained in Pr-NP for $T = n^{w(1)}$.

We thank Rahul for communicating the stronger claim and corollaries and the much simpler proofs to us.

References

- [Bar02] Boaz Barak. A probabilistic-time hierarchy theorem for slightly non-uniform algorithms. In International Workshop on Randomization and Approximation Techniques in Computer Science, pages 194–208. Springer, 2002. 1
- [IKW02] Russell Impagliazzo, Valentine Kabanets, and Avi Wigderson. In search of an easy witness: Exponential time vs. probabilistic polynomial time. *Journal of Computer and System Sciences*, 65(4):672–694, 2002. 1
- [Kab01] Valentine Kabanets. Easiness assumptions and hardness tests: Trading time for zero error. *Journal* of Computer and System Sciences, 63(2):236–252, 2001. 1
- [KV87] Marek Karpinski and Rutger Verbeek. Randomness, provability, and the separation of monte carlo time and space. In *Computation Theory and Logic*, pages 189–207. Springer, 1987. 1